

The purpose of the HC and PHV test is to confirm vehicles meet these more stringent standards. Vehicles must be submitted fully prepared for the test. **It is not intended that the test be used in lieu of a regular preventative maintenance programme.** If, in the opinion of the vehicle examiner, the vehicle has not been fully prepared, the test will be terminated and a further full test shall be required. It is an offence under the road traffic regulations to use an unroadworthy vehicle on the public highway.

HC proprietors and PHV drivers/owners and operators failing to maintain their vehicles in a safe and roadworthy condition may have their vehicle licence suspended, revoked or their licensing application refused by the local licensing authority. In addition, licence holders risk the suspension or revocation of their driver or operator licences by the local licensing authority.

This best practice guide should be read in conjunction with Vehicle & Operator Services Agency (VOSA) publication 'MOT Inspection Manual – Private Passenger and Light Commercial Vehicle Testing', ISBN 978-0-9549352-5-2. This best practice guide provides a working document for those who inspect, maintain and prepare vehicles for inspection prior to being issued with a hackney carriage or private hire licence. Although detailed in its content the best practice guide is not exhaustive.

However, in assessing the mechanical condition of a vehicle, it is more likely an item which would ordinarily pass an MOT test with an advisory note, could fail the HC and PHV test.

2 Novelty vehicles (stretched limousines)

This section of the best practice guide offers advice to local licensing authorities on the requirements for licensing novelty vehicles. The standard of the test for novelty vehicles will be at the same standard as for other private hire vehicles. That is, as a basic inspection standard, those laid down in the 'MOT Inspection Manual – Private Passenger and Light Commercial Vehicle Testing' issued by VOSA and this best practice guide. *(For the purpose of clarity, novelty vehicles in this guide will refer to stretch limousines only until such times as further guidance is obtained on any other such vehicle, ie fire tenders etc.)*



A novelty vehicle shall only be registered as a private hire vehicle if it complies with the following conditions.

- Vehicles with no more than eight passenger seats as indicated on the V5C. The V5C will state the number of seats and **must be produced to the local licensing authority prior to the vehicle being licensed or inspected.** If the number of seats differs to what is indicated on the V5C, then contact VOSA and your local area DVLA office immediately. Failure to produce a valid and current V5C for the vehicle to be tested could result in refusal to inspect the vehicle
- Evidence of either European Community Whole Vehicle Type Approval (ECWVTA) or Individual Vehicle Approval (IVA) being presented for inspection
- Local licensing authorities may consider, as novelty vehicles are not factory produced, that a recommended vehicle maintenance inspection be applied every 10 weeks. The frequency of maintenance inspections is recommended by Traffic Commissioners, VOSA and the National Limousine and Chauffeur Association (NLCA)
- The inspection standards to be applied to novelty vehicles are the same standards as those applied to other hackney carriage and private hire vehicles with the following additions:
 - Any additional item previously mentioned in this paragraph with regard to seating capacity, the production of the relevant documents and frequency of vehicle inspections
 - See part 2, section 4 – Tyres and road wheels. Reference in this section is made to tyre rating to be applied to novelty vehicles
 - See part 2, section 12 – Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) markings should be checked to ensure compliance, seating capacities and undue stresses

Local licensing authorities are strongly advised to obtain a declaration, from the operator of a licensed novelty vehicle, that the side facing seats will never be used to carry passengers under 16 years of age, **regardless of whether the vehicle is fitted with or without seat belts.**

It is strongly advised that notices forbidding children to be carried in side facing seats are displayed in prominent positions, ie on entry to the passenger compartment and on either side of the passenger compartment. Local licensing authorities may also require additional outward facing signs adjacent to all entrance/exit doors to the passenger compartment.

3 General information

Only vehicles complying with the following conditions will generally be considered for licensing as private hire vehicles.

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- Cars fitted with at least four doors and four wheels
 - Right-hand drive vehicles – with the exception of stretch limousines (where applicable)
 - Vehicles with adequate space for luggage
 - Vehicles must be capable of carrying at least four and not more than eight passengers in addition to the driver
 - With the exception of stretch limousines, vehicles will not be accepted with blacked out windows. Passengers being carried in the vehicle must be visible from the outside. In **exceptional circumstances**, tinted windows may be acceptable
 - To allow a thorough examination of a vehicle or any part thereof, it must be presented for test in a clean condition. The vehicle presented will fail the test if, in the opinion of the vehicle examiner, the vehicle is so dirty that it would be unreasonable for the test to be carried out
 - A test will not be carried out unless the licence fee/ examination fee has been paid in advance

Statement of undertakings and declaration

In the interests of road and passenger safety, the licensed driver/ owner or operator undertakes to make proper arrangements so that licensed vehicles are kept in a roadworthy condition at all times.

